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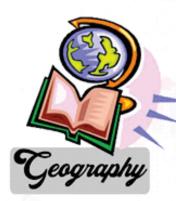
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Message Box



Happy reading!

Exploring Societal Snapshot in Social Science Dear Readers, Welcome to our latest edition of the school magazine! Our focus in the Social Science department has been on the theme of "Societal Snapshot." These are the unseen battles that shape societies and influence our daily lives. From the silent struggles within communities to the covert clashes of cultural ideologies, Understanding these conflicts helps us appreciate the complexity of human interactions and history. Our students have delved into various case studies, uncovering the underlying tensions that often go unnoticed. their insights remind us that by studying the past and present conflicts, we can work towards a more harmonious future.

Sincerely,
Ms. Shushma Bhadauria
Principal
Ms.Ranjeeta Modi
Social Science Subject Coordinator

India National Anthem: Jana-Gana-Mana

Jana-gana-mana-adhinayaka, jaya he Bharata-bhagya-vidhata Panjaba-Sindha-Gujrata-Maharata-Dravida-Utkala-Vanga Vindhya-Himachala-Yamuna-Ganga Uchhala-Jaladhi-taranga Tava shubha name jage Tava shubha ashisha mage
Gave tava jaya-gatha
Jana-gana-mangala-dayaka jaya he
Bharata-bhagya-vidhata.
Jaya he! Jaya he! Jaya he!
Jaya jaya jaya, jaya he!



Personalities & Discoveries



Nelson Mandela

First Black President Of South Africa. Spent 27 Years In Prison For Fighting Apartheid,

Mandela Is A Global Symbol Of The Struggle Against Racial Oppression.

Nelson Mandela Gave His Entire Life To Fighting Against Apartheid In South Africa.

He Got Imprisoned For Almost 30 Years Because Of This. Even After This He

Emerged As A Leader Of Reconciliation And Forgiveness. Mandela Became A

Beloved Figure Around The World Because Of His Leadership And Commitment To

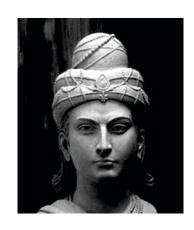
Peace And His People. His Work To Destroy The Legacy Of Apartheid By Fighting

Racism In Institutions And Poverty And Inequality. He Became President Of South

Africa.

Emperor Ashoka

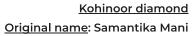
Ruler Of The Maurya Dynasty In India. Converted To Buddhism After The Kalinga War. Preached Non-violence And Peace. His Writings On Pillars And Rocks Spread His Ideas Throughout The Empire. One Of India's Most Renowned Emperors Is Emperor Ashoka. He Converted To Buddhism And Committed His Life To Promoting Its Ideas Of Nonviolence And Peace After Watching The Massacre In The Kalinga War. Ashoka Made Groundbreaking Contributions To The Fields Of Social Welfare, Animal Welfare, And Religious Tolerance. His Wise Laws, Written On Pillars And Stones, Are Still Evidence Of His Reign.





Shackled Skeletons

Shackled Skeletons In Mass Grave Shackled Skeletons Found In A Mass Grave In Palaio Faliro, 2016. In 2016, At Least 80 Shackled Skeletons Were Discovered In Palaio Faliro, A Suburb Of Athens, Greece. The Skeletons Are A Disturbing Sight. Their Hands Are Shackled, And Many Lie With Open Mouths As If They Were Screaming When They Died. The Skeletons Belong To Young Men Who Were Apparently In Good Health.



The Kohinoor has a long history that dates back around 4,000 to 5,000 years, as mentioned in old Sanskrit texts. During that time, it was known as the "Samantika Mani." This name showed that it was considered valuable and held a prominent position among diamonds. Some





interesting myths even claim that the diamond was once owned by the Lord Krishna. The last verifiable trace of the Kohinoor says it was adorned on the British Crown and still sits in the Tower of London, UK

Discovery: First discovered in the 13th century.

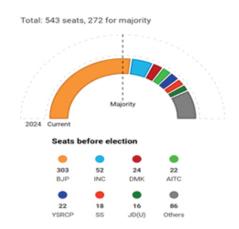
Surprisingly, it used to be the biggest diamond in the whole world. However, today it weighs only around 105 carats, which is quite a bit smaller compared to its original size, which was 793 carats. Cursed Men were not

allowed to adorn it An intriguing Hindu text dating back to 1306 mentioned an interesting belief associated with the Kohinoor diamond. According to this text, only women were allowed to wear the precious stone, while men were advised against it. It was believed that male owners of the diamond would face various misfortunes in life.

Political Science



The Current Landscape of the Lok Sabha Elections in India



The Lok Sabha Elections, Often Hailed As The Largest Democratic Exercise In The World, Are Currently Underway In India. With Millions Of Eligible Voters Casting Their Ballots, The Elections Hold Immense Significance For The Nation's Political Landscape And Its Future Trajectory.

Kicking Off The World's Largest Election Exercise, The Election Commission Of India (eci) Announced That The 18th Lok Sabha Elections Would Be Held In 7 Phases From April 19 To June 1, With Counting Of Votes On June 4.with The Announcement, The Model Code Of Conduct (mcc) Came Into Force, Bringing Announcements Of New Schemes By The Government And Use Of Government Machinery For Electioneering By Ministers To A Halt.

1. Political Parties And Alliances
The Political Arena Is Buzzing With Activity As Various Parties And
Alliances Vie For Power And Representation In The Lok Sabha. Key
Players Include The Bharatiya Janata Party (bjp), Indian National
Congress (inc), Aam Aadmi Party (aap), And Regional Parties Like
The Trinamool Congress (tmc), Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam
(dmk), And Shiv Sena. Coalitions And Alliances Are Formed To
Consolidate Votes And Maximize Electoral Success, With Alliances
Such As The National Democratic Alliance (nda) Led By The Bjp
And The United Progressive Alliance (upa) Led By The Inc Being



Number Of Voters, Polling Stations And Officials:-

A Total Of 96.8 Crore Voters, Of Which 49.7 Crore Are Male And 47.1 Crore Are Female, Including 88.4 Lakh Persons With Disabilities, 48,000 Transgender Voters And 19.1 Lakh Service Electors, Will Be Eligible To Cast Their Votes. There Are 1.8 Crore First-time Voters Who Are 18 To 19 Years Old, And 19.74 Crore In The Age Group 20-29 Years. In Other Words, Those Under 30 Make Up A Fifth Of The Total Voters. Young Voters And Women Voters, Who Outnumber Men In 12 States, Were Well Represented In The Electoral Roll. The Number Of Polling Stations Increased To 10.48 Lakh (up From 10.35 Lakh In 2019) And Would Involve 1.5 Crore Polling And Security Officials, 55 Lakh EVMs And 4 Lakh Vehicle

2. Voting Process And Technology:
The Voting Process Involves Multiple Phases Spread Across
Several Weeks To Accommodate The Vast Electorate And Ensure
Smooth Conduct. Electronic Voting Machines (evms) And Voterverified Paper Audit Trail (vvpat) Systems Are Deployed To
Enhance Transparency And Minimize Electoral Malpractices.
Special Measures Are Taken To Facilitate Voting For
Marginalized Communities



Geography



Unlocking the Intriguing World of Geography: A Journey of Discovery

Among the myriad subjects that shape our understanding of the world, geography stands out as a captivating and multifaceted discipline. from exploring the physical features of our planet to delving into the complexities of human societies, geography offers a rich tapestry of knowledge that unravels the mysteries of our interconnected world. here's why geography is undeniably one of the most interesting subjects to study.

1. Understanding earth's dynamic systems:

Geography provides a holistic view of earth's dynamic systems, including its landforms, oceans, atmosphere, and biosphere through the study of processes such as erosion, plate tectonics, and climate change, students gain insights into the forces that shape our planet's ever-changing landscapes. whether it's examining the formation of mountains or tracking the movement of ocean currents, geography offers a profound appreciation for the natural world and the intricate processes that govern it.

Tackling global challenges:

Geography equips students with the knowledge and skills to address some of the most pressing challenges facing our planet today. from environmental sustainability to social inequality, geographical perspectives offer valuable insights into the complex interplay between humans and



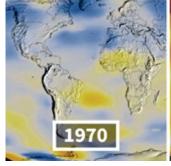
their environment. by studying issues such as deforestation, water scarcity, and natural hazards, students learn to

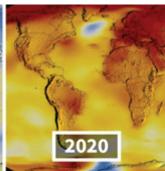


analyze problems from multiple angles and develop innovative solutions that promote resilience and well-being for both people and the planet.

Connecting past, present, and future:

Geography provides a lens through which to explore the past, understand the present, and envision the future. by examining historical maps, analyzing demographic trends, and studying spatial patterns, students gain a deeper appreciation for the processes that have shaped our world over time. moreover, geography enables us to anticipate future challenges and opportunities, from the impact of climate change on coastal communities to the dynamics of globalization in a rapidly evolving world.







Exploring the past: Historical maps provide a tangible representation of how landscapes, borders, and civilizations have shifted over time. by examining these maps, students can understand the geopolitical forces, cultural exchanges, and environmental changes that have shaped societies throughout history.

Understanding the Present: Analyzing demographic trends and spatial patterns allows us to understand the current state of our world. population growth, urbanization, resource distribution, and geopolitical dynamics all have spatial dimensions that can be better understood through geographic analysis. envisioning the future: geography equips us with the tools to anticipate and

prepare for future challenges and opportunities. for instance, by studying climate change models and sea level rise projections, we can assess the potential impact on coastal communities and develop strategies for adaptation and mitigation.

Economics



The wealth of nations is built upon the industry and economy of individuals.



India is performing well economically, with strong growth projections for the coming years. key drivers include robust domestic demand, a growing middle class and a recovering services sector. india is also a major and growing exporter of goods and services and a major recipient of foreign direct investment.



India is currently the fifth-largest economy in the world by nominal gdp and is expected to become the world's third-largest economy by 2027, india has experienced rapid economic growth in recent years, driven by strong domestic demand, a thriving services.

Maharashtra, india's wealthiest state, boasts a \$400 billion gross state domestic product. it is projected to reach 38.79 lakh crore in fy 2023-24. home to 45% of india's urban population, it leads the list of richest states.

India's Ranking in Different Indexes 2024

	Index	Index released by	India's Rank	1st Rank
1	Indian Institutional Ranking Framework	Education Post a monthly magazine	Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad	-
2	Brand Guardianship Index 2024	Brand Finance	2nd (Mukesh Ambani of Reliance)	Huateng Ma of Tencent
3	FIFA rankings	Fédération Internationale de Football Association	117th	Argentina
4	Henley Passport Index	Henley & Partners in partnership with IATA	85th	France
5	International IP Index 2024	Global Innovation Policy Center (GIPC)	42nd	USA
6	Global airports in terms of operational performance (Hyderabad)	Aviation analytics firm Cirium	2nd	us
7	Global airports in terms of operational performance (Bengaluru)	Aviation analytics firm Cirium	3rd	us
8	Henley Passport Index 2024	International Air Transport Association & Henley & Partners	80th	France
9	MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) index	Morgan Stanley Capital International	2nd	China

In 2024, India's standing in various global indices has sparked substantial discourse among policymakers, researchers, and the public. With a population exceeding

1.3 billion, India holds the position of the world's second-most populous nation and is progressively asserting itself as a significant global economic player.

This article delves into India's rankings across diverse indices such as the Henley Passport Index 2024, the Human Development Index, the Ease of Doing Business Index, the Global Innovation Index, among others.

It will scrutinize the contributing factors behind India's performance in these indices and the potential ramifications for the nation's future growth and development...



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